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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/723,650	11/26/2003	Hinsdale Bernard	BERNP101US	8774
	7590 03/07/200 CY & CALVIN, LLP	EXAMINER		
1900 EAST 9T	H STREET, NATIONA	SAADAT, CAMERON		
24TH FLOOR, CLEVELAND,		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
022 ( 22 ,		3714		
SHORTENED STATUTOR	Y PERIOD OF RESPONSE	MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
3 MOI	NTHS	03/07/2007	PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire 6 MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.

· ·		Application No.	Applicant(s)	<u>`</u>			
		10/723,650	BERNARD, HIN	BERNARD, HINSDALE			
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
•		Cameron Saadat	3714				
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this commun or Reply	ication appears on the cover sh	eet with the correspondence a	ddress			
WHIC - Exte after If NC - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MINISTORS of time may be available under the provisions SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this common period for reply is specified above, the maximum state to reply within the set or extended period for reply reply received by the Office later than three months are dipatent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	AILING DATE OF THIS COMN of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, junication. atutory period will apply and will expire SIX (will, by statute, cause the application to become the status of the stat	MUNICATION. may a reply be timely filed  6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this ome ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status		.*					
1)	Responsive to communication(s) file	d on .					
2a) □	•	2b)⊠ This action is non-final.					
3)□							
,—	closed in accordance with the practic		·				
Disposit	ion of Claims	•					
4) 🔀	Claim(s) 1-20 is/are pending in the a	polication.	•				
.,	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/a	• •	n				
5)	Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
· <u>·</u>	Claim(s) 1-20 is/are rejected.		•				
7)	<u> </u>						
8)	Claim(s) are subject to restrict	tion and/or election requiremen	nt.				
Applicat	ion Papers						
9)□	The specification is objected to by the	e Examiner					
• —	The drawing(s) filed on is/are:		ed to by the Examiner.				
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11)[	The oath or declaration is objected to	•	•				
·	under 35 U.S.C. § 119	•					
_	Acknowledgment is made of a claim	for foreign priority under 35 LLS	S C & 119(a)_(d) or (f)				
•	☐ All b)☐ Some * c)☐ None of:	ior foreign priority under 55 o.s	5.C. § 119(a)-(u) of (i).				
a)		documents have been receive	4				
	2. Certified copies of the priority						
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Attachmen	t(s)						
_	e of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) 🗍 Inte	rview Summary (PTO-413)				
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Paper No(s)/Mail Date							
	mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) or No(s)/Mail Date 4/16/04; 11/26/03.	5)	ce of Informal Patent Application				
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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

### Information Disclosure Statement

The information disclosure statement filed 11/26/2003 fails to fully comply with 37 CFR 1.98(a)(2), which requires a legible copy of each non-patent literature publication or that portion which caused it to be listed. Applicant has cited Volume 5, No. 2, of the Journal of Education in Science for Trinidad and Tobago, however, only a copy of the cover page has been provided. It has been placed in the application file, but the information referred to therein has not been considered.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 1-3 and 5-8 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Katz (US 4,199,876).

Regarding claim 1, Katz discloses a three dimensional arrangement of chemical elements, comprising: a continuous unidirectional periodic spiral of objects, the spiral having a substantially elliptical shape, and each object representing a different chemical element; the objects positioned so that chemical elements in a Period are in a single spiral loop, and each successive Period has a larger circumference than a preceding Period; and the objects positioned so that chemical elements in a chemical group are in substantially the same vertical plane. See Figs. 3-9

Regarding claim 2, Katz discloses a three dimensional arrangement of chemical elements wherein the objects are cylindrical in shape. See Fig. 3.

Regarding claim 3, Katz discloses a three dimensional arrangement of chemical elements wherein the objects represent chemical elements from H to about Mt. See Fig. 1.

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Regarding claim 5, Katz discloses a three dimensional arrangement of chemical elements wherein the objects have relative physical dimensions that substantially correspond to relative physical dimensions of actual atomic radii of the chemical elements. See Fig 3; Col. 1, lines 6-21.

Regarding claim 6, Katz discloses a three dimensional arrangement of chemical elements wherein the objects are positioned within seven Periods. See Fig. 1.

Regarding claim 7, Katz discloses a three dimensional arrangement of chemical elements wherein the objects are positioned within seven Periods, and the single spiral loop of the sixth Period and the single spiral loop of the seventh Period each comprise a reverse. See Col. 6, lines 10-12.

Regarding claim 8, Katz discloses a three dimensional arrangement of chemical elements wherein the objects are positioned within seven Periods, and the single spiral loop of the sixth Period and the single spiral loop of the seventh Period each comprise two reverses. See Col. 6, lines 10-12.

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

- 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
- 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
- 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
- 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

Claims 4 and 9 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Katz (US 4,199,876) in view of Alexander (US 3,581,409).

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Regarding claims 4 and 9, Katz discloses all of the claimed subject matter with the exception of explicitly disclosing the feature of providing color-coded objects representing four major groups of elements. However, Alexander teaches a three dimensional periodic table of elements, wherein elements are provided in different colors in order to define groups or families of elements (See Alexander, col. 4, lines 9-12). Thus, in view of Alexander, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify the elements described in Katz, by providing coloring, in order to define groups or families of elements.

Claim 10 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Katz (US 4,199,876).

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Regarding claim 10, Katz discloses a learning kit, comprising: a storable and assemblable three dimensional arrangement of chemical elements comprising a continuous unidirectional periodic spiral of objects, the spiral having a substantially elliptical shape, and each object representing a different chemical element; the objects positioned so that chemical elements in a Period are in a single spiral loop, and each successive Period has a larger circumference than a preceding Period; and the objects positioned so that chemical elements in a chemical group are in substantially the same vertical plane. See Figs. 3-9. Katz discloses all of the claimed subject matter with the exception of explicitly disclosing the feature of providing a carrying case to store the three dimensional arrangement of chemical elements. However, the examiner takes official notice that the feature of providing a carrying case for educational materials is old and well known for providing protection and allowing for transport. Thus, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify the periodic table of elements described in Katz, by providing a carrying case in order to provide protection and ease of transport.

Claims 11-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Katz (US 4,199,876) in view of Interactive Periodic Table.

Regarding olams 11, 12, If \$\frac{1}{3}\$
Regarding olams 11, Katz discloses all of the claimed subject matter with the exception of explicitly disclosing the feature of providing audio information (as per claim 11), illumination (as per

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claim 12) and color-coding (as per claim 15 and 18) for the chemical elements. However, Interacteive Periodic Table teaches a periodic table wherein audio, video and color information is provided for the elements in order to provide a wide range of multimedia sources and thereby engaging a student by providing interactive audio and video presentation. See P 1-2. Thus, in view of Interactive Periodic Table, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify the table of elements described in Katz, by providing audio and video information, and thereby engaging a student using multimedia information.

Regarding claim 13, Katz discloses all of the claimed subject matter with the exception of explicitly disclosing a chemical group comprising groups 1-18. However, it is the examiner's position that it would have been an obvious matter of design choice as to the number of groupings for grouping elements having similar chemical and physical properties wherein no stated problem is solved or unexpected result is obtained by prescribing groups 1-18.

Regarding claim 14, wherein the objects represent chemical elements from H to about Uuo. See Fig. 1.

Regarding claim 16, wherein the objects have relative physical dimensions that substantially correspond to relative physical dimensions of actual atomic radii of the chemical elements. See Fig 3; Col. 1, lines 6-21.

Regarding claim 17, wherein the objects are positioned within seven Periods. See Fig. 1.

Regarding claim 19, Katz discloses a three dimensional arrangement of chemical elements, comprising: a continuous unidirectional periodic spiral of objects, the spiral having a substantially elliptical shape, and each object representing a different chemical element; the objects positioned so that chemical elements in a Period are in a single spiral loop, and each successive Period has a larger circumference than a preceding Period; and the objects positioned so that chemical elements in a chemical group are in substantially the same vertical plane. See Figs. 3-9.

Katz discloses all of the claimed subject matter of claims 19 and 20 with the exception of explicitly disclosing that the arrangement of chemical elements is a computerized. However, Interacteive Periodic Table teaches a periodic table that is computerized in order to provide a wide range of multimedia sources and thereby engaging a student. See P 1-2. Thus, in view of Interactive Periodic Table, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify the table of elements described in Katz, by providing a computerized version, and thereby engaging a student using multimedia information.

#### Conclusion

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

• Possidento (US 2002/0072045) – discloses a 3d periodic table of elements.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Cameron Saadat whose telephone number is (571) 272-4443. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 9:00 - 5:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Robert E. Pezzuto can be reached on (571) 272-6996. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Cameron Saadat March 5, 2007

Joe H. Cheng Primary Examiner

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